



Improving 112 Location by Reducing Android ELS Error Rate

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Agenda

- ELS errors and error rates
- Troubleshooting ELS errors
- One ELS partner's perspective
- Case studies

ELS Errors and Error Rate: Cause & Effect

ELS errors/error rate: what it is, why it happens

Two reasons for ELS errors (failures):

1. No location computed in the message sent to the Endpoint
2. Location computed and transmitted from device but
 - o ELS message not received by Endpoint

or

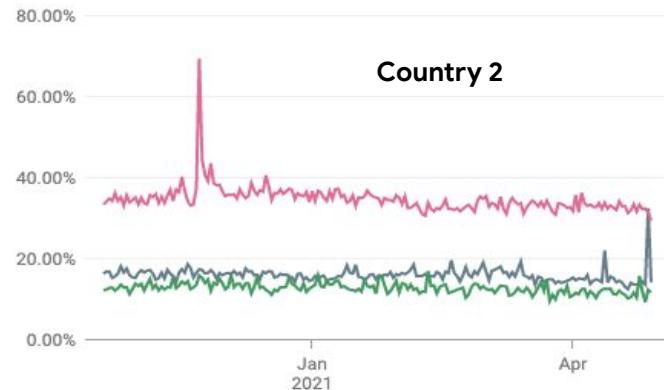
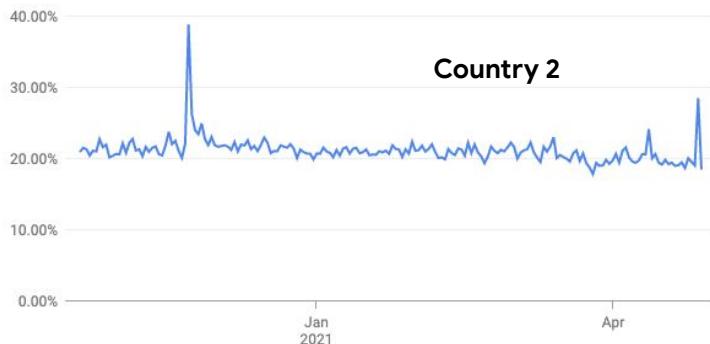
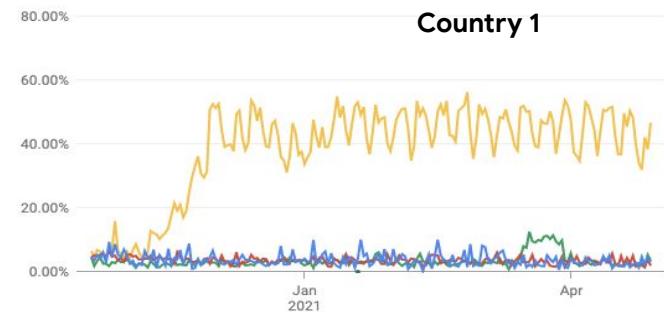
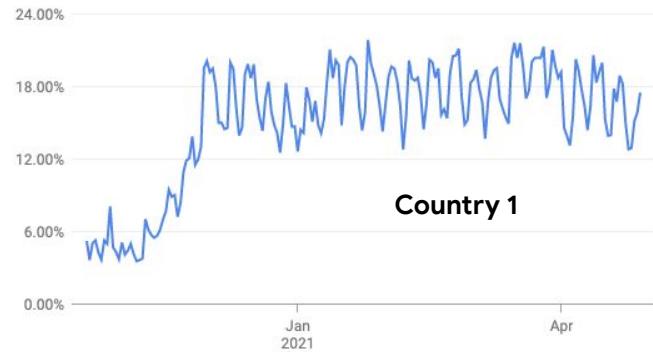
- o No network acknowledgement within **30 secs (Data SMS)***



ELS ERROR RATE =
of Failed ELS messages /
Total # of ELS Messages

Google
* HTTP timeout = 10 secs, considered an ELS error if we don't get a 200-299 response

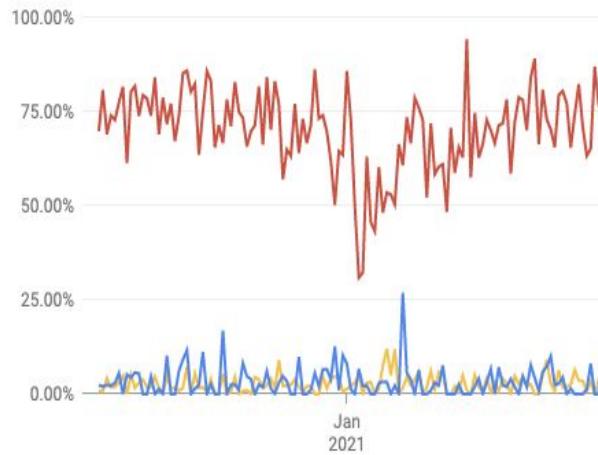
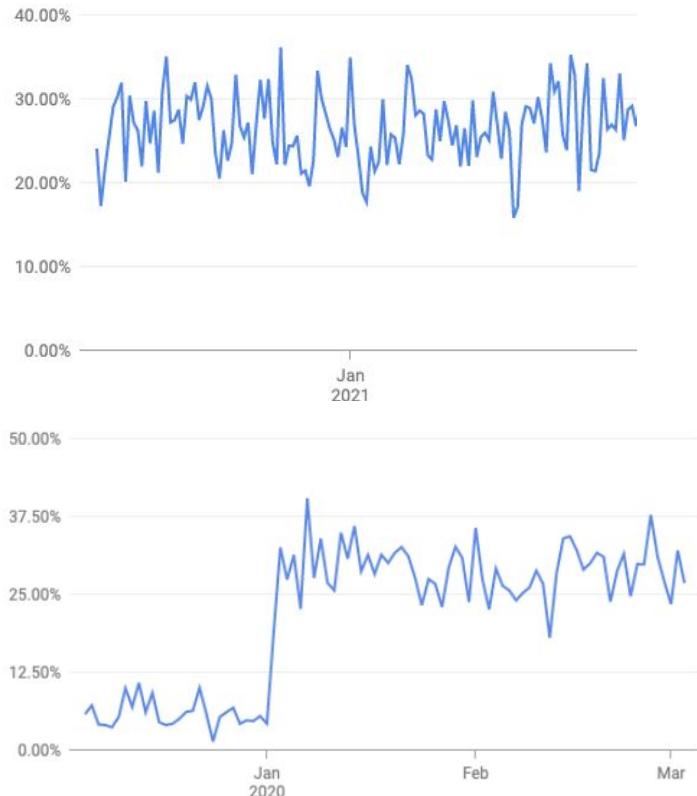
Error rates can vary across and within countries



Common root causes behind errors

1. Network/Hardware/Software Policies
 - Some MNOs, SMS infra vendors or device OEMs have configured their systems/devices to hold all SMSes:
 - i. During an emergency call
 - ii. When device is emergency camped (roaming/in SOS mode)
2. Circuit Switched Fallback (CSFB)
 - When an LTE network is not available to make/receive a 112 call or SMS message, the device “falls back” to a more accessible 3G/2G network to finish the call or send the SMS message
3. SMS-over-IP on VoLTE devices*
 - Some LTE phones don't support SMSoIP > unable to transmit ELS message(s)

Quick & happy fix example (your mileage may vary)



Troubleshooting ELS Errors

ELS data flow primer



Emergency call initiated by Android device

ELS data *sent directly* to endpoint as Data SMS AML or HTTPS message

Endpoint is *set up and managed* by ELS Partner, who is responsible for making ELS data available to Emergency Services (*push or pull*).

Google's Responsibility

Partner's Responsibility

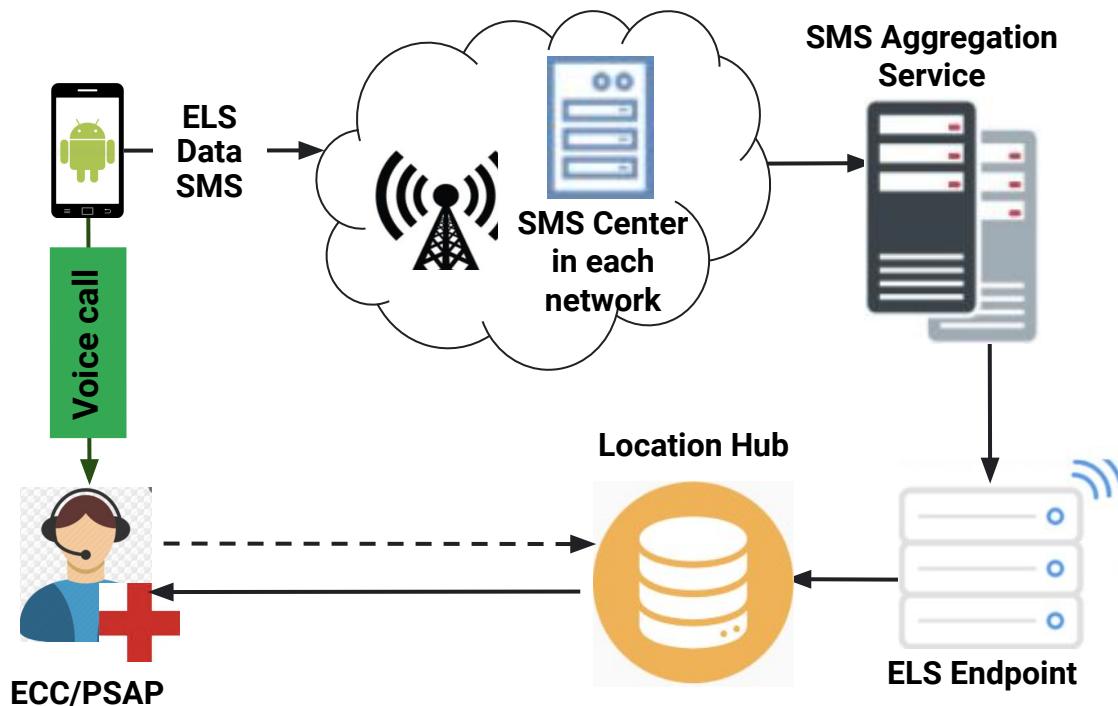
AML - Advanced Mobile Location, open standard for sending emergency location (supported by Android ELS)

ELS Endpoint: a SMSc or HTTPS server maintained by partner that can receive ELS emergency location data

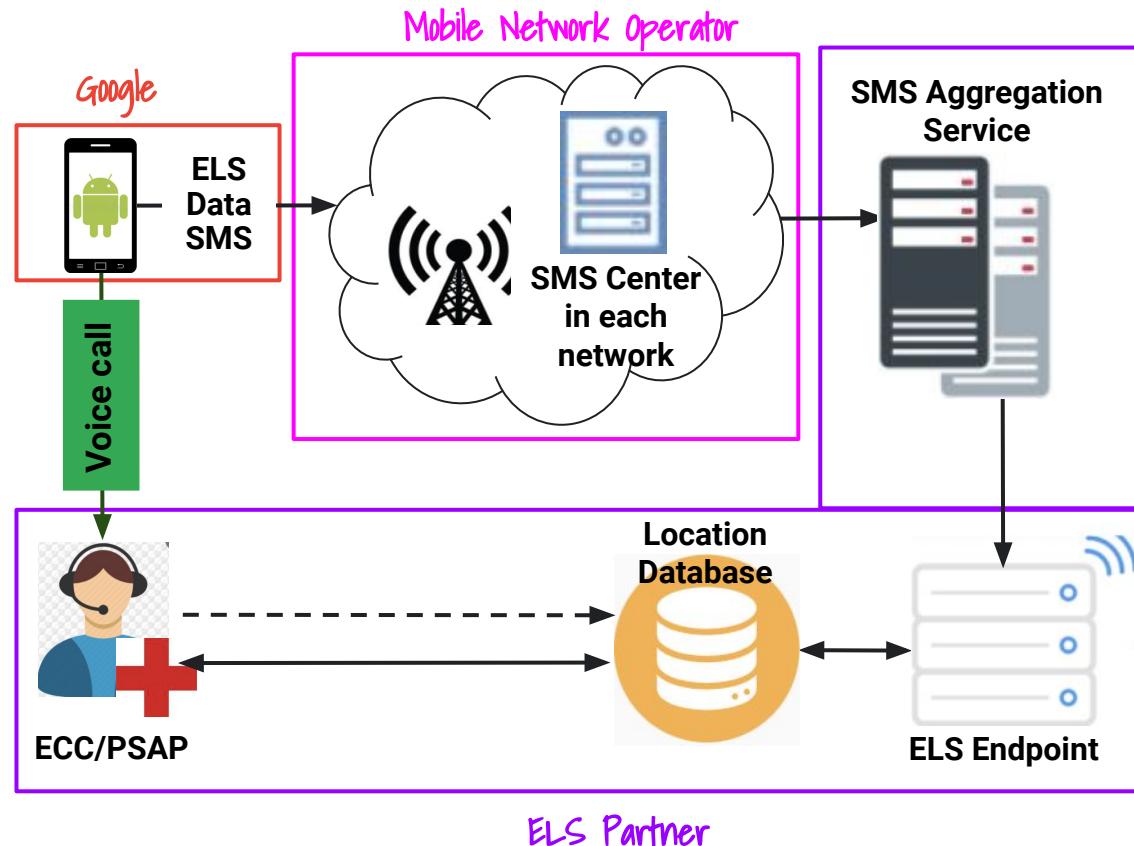
ELS Partner: carrier/MNO, government or public safety vendor that meets ELS partner requirements

PSAP/ECC (Public Safety Answering Point/Emergency Communications Center): call center & dispatch control for emergency services

ELS data flow value chain for Data SMS

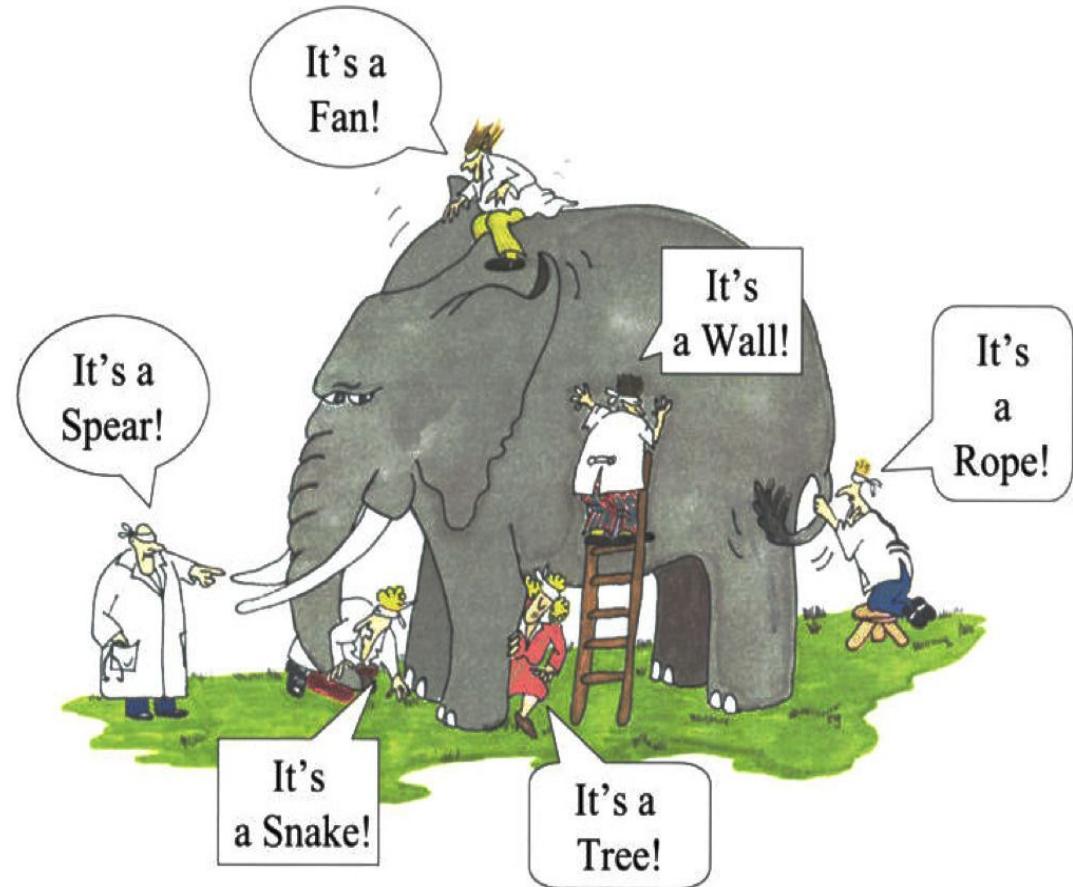


No/Limited E2E visibility for all parties (esp Google!)



Troubleshooting
requires collaboration
among all Parties in
the ELS data value
Chain ...

... driven by the
ELS Partner



Troubleshooting 101

What: Dedicated debug session with MNO's network elements engineer(s) , ELS Partner and PSAP call taker(s)

How: Make 50-100 emergency calls using the ELS Manager app and a SIM from the MNO

Why: Send & trace the progress of ELS test messages through the mobile network to see if the messages are delivered successfully to/from the Endpoint. If not, *understand why and where in the process/network issues occur or the ELS message fails.*

Elements for an effective troubleshooting session

	Google	ELS Partner	MNO	PSAP
Role	Review bug reports of failed messages	Manage project, coordinate across all parties	Track & interpret incoming/outgoing ELS messages	Receive ELS test calls & messages
Tools		ELS Manager app + Android device in eng/userdebug mode	Live probes monitoring of Data SMS network element paths	
Key Tasks	Technical consulting re: ELS service & features Analyze bug reports	Monitor status of test calls (successful/ failure reception) Retrieve logs from device using ADB commands Get PSAP approval for test calls	→ Capture and share network protocol exchanges Network elements expertise to interpret suspicious messages	Awareness/ ability to recognize a test call

What we're looking for during troubleshooting

Device / Google	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Incomplete/error messages not inline with the feature design• Incoming error messages from network side• Data SMS timings in device logs (to compare with those on the network/Endpoint side)• Call not received by PSAP
Mobile Operator	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Identify & explain generated network errors (if any)• Which network element blocked the incoming/outgoing protocol message(s)• Identify delta between <i>Fail</i> and <i>Pass</i> scenarios (in case issue is not 100% reproducible)• Confirm that complete protocol exchange went as expected per design (by logging and sharing logs with Google team when needed)• Timing of data SMS received with respect to the timing the SMS was sent from the device (investigating a buffering issue)• Network configuration related to SMS on emergency are well defined
ELS Partner (Endpoint)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Number of Data SMS messages received by ELS Endpoint per call• Timing of Data SMSes received with respect to the time the SMS was sent from the Device/Mobile Operator network

ELS Partner Perspective: Carbyne